
Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")

Report on the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of **To the Members of Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the period manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2024, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Other Information

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Standalone Financial

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Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other Comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

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(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;

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To the Members of Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")

- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure B';
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - A. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - B. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - C. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - D. (i) The management of the company has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in note 44 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(ii) The management of the company has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in note 44 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(iii) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material misstatement.
 - E. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report
RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date)

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024, we report that:

- i. a) (A) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.

(B) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification the company does not have any Intangible assets. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(i) (a) (B) of the Order is not applicable.

b) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment's by which all Property, Plant and Equipments are verified by the management in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain Property, Plant and Equipment were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Based on our verification, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

c) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company.

d) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company does not revalue its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable.

e) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. a) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its inventory. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of verification by management is appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stock and the book records were not material and have been appropriately dealt with in the books of accounts.

b). According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, at any point of time during the year from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(ii) (b) of the Order is not applicable.

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report
RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date)

- iii. According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has not made any investment in provide any guarantee or security or granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. However, the company has made investment in mutual funds and such investment is not prejudicial to the company's interest.
- iv. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us and representations made by the Management, the Company has not granted any loans, given any guarantees or provided any securities to the parties covered under section 185 of the Act. Accordingly, compliance under section 185 of the Act is not applicable to the company. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is engaged in the business of providing infrastructural facilities and accordingly the provisions of Section 186 (except subsection (1) of Section 186) of the Act are not applicable to the Company. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investments referred in Section 186(1) of the Act.
- v. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits from the public within the meaning of the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the relevant rules framed there under. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules 2014 prescribed by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the company's products/ services to which the said rules are made applicable and are of the opinion that prima facie the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Income-Tax, Goods and Service Tax and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income-Tax, Goods and Service Tax and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

b). According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues as referred in sub clause(a) as at 31 March 2024, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not surrendered or disclosed transactions as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

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RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date)

- ix. a). According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender. Further, unpaid interest has been capitalized to the principal amount as per the terms of ICD agreements entered between the parties.
- b). According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority or any other lender.
- c). In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has utilised the money obtained by way of term loans during the year for the purposes for which they were obtained
- d). According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds were raised on short-term basis have been used for long term purpose by the company during the year under consideration.
- e). According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, the company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(ix) (e) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- f). According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, the company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(ix) (f) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- x. a). According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(x) (a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- b). According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement or not issued any fully or partly convertible debenture during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(x) (b) of the Order are not applicable.
- xi. a). During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice in India, and according to the information and explanation given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees or any fraud reported during the year nor have been informed of any such case by the management.
- b). No report on any matter under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

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(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date)

- c). As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions of Clauses 3 (xii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable.
- xiii. As per information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, all the transaction with related parties are in compliance with section 188 Companies Act 2013, wherever applicable, and all the details have been disclosed in Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards. The provision of section 177 are not applicable to the company and accordingly the requirements of reporting under clause 3(xiii) of the order is so far as it relates to section 177 of the act is not applicable to the company.
- xiv. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination if the records, we are of the opinion that the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the company issued till date of audit report, for the period under audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions, within the meaning of Section 192 of the Act, with directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. a). In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b). According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) (b) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- c). In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(xvi) (c) & (d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- d). According to the information and explanation given to us and as represented by the management of company the Group does not have any Core Investment Company as part of the Group.
- xvii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not incurred any cash loss in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(xvii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

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(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date)

- xviii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year in the company. Accordingly paragraph 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios (refer note 37 to standalone financial statements), ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence (including support letter of ultimate holding company) supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- xx. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, section 135 is not applicable on the company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: 2nd May, 2024

For, DHARMESH PARIKH & CO LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No: 112054W/W100725

**Anjali
Gupta**

Digitally signed by Anjali Gupta
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Anjali Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 191598
UDIN -

Annexure – B to the Independent Auditor’s Report
RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as “Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited”)

(Referred to in Paragraph 2(f) of our Report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act 2013 (the act)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Formerly known as “Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited”)** (“the Company”) as of 31st March, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the Guidance Note) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting includes obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

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(Formerly known as “Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited”)

(Referred to in Paragraph 2(f) of our Report of even date)

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion the company has, in all material aspects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: 2nd May, 2024

For, DHARMESH PARIKH & CO LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No: 112054W/W100725

**Anjali
Gupta**

Anjali Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 191598
UDIN -

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ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)
Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024



| Particulars | Notes | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|-------|---|---|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Non - Current Assets | | | |
| (a) Property, Plant and Equipment | 4.1 | 34,515 | 35,793 |
| (b) Right-Of-Use Assets | 4.2 | 1,145 | 1,188 |
| (c) Capital Work-In-Progress | 4.3 | 3 | 24 |
| (d) Intangible Assets | 4.4 | 1 | - |
| (e) Financial Assets | | | |
| (i) Other Financial Assets | 5 | 1,824 | 863 |
| (f) Income Tax Assets (Net) | | 14 | 8 |
| (g) Deferred Tax Assets (Net) | 6 | 103 | 281 |
| (h) Other Non - Current Assets | 7 | 46 | 51 |
| Total Non - Current Assets | | 37,651 | 38,208 |
| Current Assets | | | |
| (a) Inventories | 8 | 55 | 41 |
| (b) Financial Assets | | | |
| (i) Investments | 9 | 2,633 | 1,704 |
| (ii) Trade Receivables | 10 | 575 | 642 |
| (iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents | 11 | 180 | 2,146 |
| (iv) Other Financial Assets | 12 | 36 | 19 |
| (c) Other Current Assets | 13 | 9 | 11 |
| Total Current Assets | | 3,488 | 4,563 |
| Total Assets | | 41,139 | 42,771 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| EQUITY | | | |
| (a) Equity Share Capital | 14 | 5,049 | 5,049 |
| (b) Other Equity | 15 | (306) | (861) |
| Total Equity | | 4,743 | 4,188 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Non - Current Liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| (i) Borrowings | 16 | 27,139 | 29,743 |
| (ia) Lease Liabilities | 30 | 978 | 965 |
| (ii) Other Financial Liabilities | 17 | 1,771 | 897 |
| (b) Provisions | 18 | 177 | 165 |
| (c) Other Non - Current liabilities | 19 | 2,756 | 2,862 |
| Total Non - Current Liabilities | | 32,821 | 34,632 |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| (i) Borrowings | 20 | 1,081 | 997 |
| (ia) Lease Liabilities | 30 | 90 | 89 |
| (ii) Trade Payables | 21 | | |
| i. Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises | | 7 | 10 |
| ii. Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises | | 107 | 76 |
| (iii) Other Financial Liabilities | 22 | 2,182 | 2,672 |
| (b) Other Current Liabilities | 23 | 108 | 107 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 3,575 | 3,951 |
| Total Liabilities | | 36,396 | 38,583 |
| Total Equity and Liabilities | | 41,139 | 42,771 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

In terms of our report attached

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Anjali Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 191598

Anjali Gupta
Digitally signed by Anjali Gupta
 DN: c=IN, ou=Personal, o=adani, email=anjalig@adani.com, serialNumber=3d6d3d97a5f74a66851d3981252e464, 2.5.4.20=0401ec952a0d973c97e4d496dd110139503ad0732b73202c311ebcb24, postalCode=380011, st=gujarat, serialNumber=sec5355d68f58c86f527f1959f52a487eade015f-ec83177579c5617fdaed01b7, cn=Anjali Gupta
 Date: 2024.05.02 23:46:53 +05'30'

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 2nd May, 2024

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)

APURVA
 DINESH
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 Date: 2024.05.02
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Apurva Dalal

Whole-time Director

DIN: 08655229

TUSHAR R
 SONAWALA
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 Date: 2024.05.02
 23:37:36 +05'30'

Tushar Sonawala

Chief Financial Officer

KETAN
 DAVE
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 Date: 2024.05.02
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Ketan Dave

Director

DIN: 08658614

SNEHA
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 Date: 2024.05.02
 23:36:40 +05'30'

Sneha Choudhary

Company Secretary

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 2nd May, 2024

ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2024



| Particulars | Notes | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|------------------|---|---|
| Income | | | |
| Revenue from Operations | 24 | 5,161 | 5,074 |
| Other Income | 25 | 473 | 97 |
| Total Income | | 5,634 | 5,171 |
| Expenses | | | |
| Depreciation and Amortisation Expense | 4.1, 4.2 and 4.4 | 1,367 | 1,326 |
| Finance Costs | 26 | 2,985 | 3,343 |
| Other Expenses | 27 | 549 | 547 |
| Total Expenses | | 4,901 | 5,216 |
| Profit / (Loss) before tax | | 733 | (45) |
| Tax Charge / (Credit) : | 28 | | |
| Current Tax Charge | | - | - |
| Deferred Tax Charge / (Credit) | | 178 | (17) |
| Total Tax Charge / (Credit) | | 178 | (17) |
| Profit / (Loss) for the year | Total A | 555 | (28) |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: | | - | - |
| Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: | | - | - |
| Total Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax) | Total B | - | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year (Net of Tax) | Total (A+B) | 555 | (28) |
| Earnings Per Equity Share (EPS) (Face Value ₹ 10 Per Share) | | | |
| Basic and Diluted EPS (₹) | 35 | 1.10 | (0.06) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

In terms of our report attached
For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Anjali
Gupta
Anjali Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 191598

Digitally signed by Anjali Gupta
DN: cn=Anjali Gupta, o=Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP, email=anjalig@dharmeshparikh.com, c=IN, date=2024.05.02 23:31:56 +05'30'

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)

APURVA
DINESH
DALAL
Apurva Dalal
Whole-time Director
DIN: 08655229
TUSHAR R
SONAWALA
Tushar Sonawala
Chief Financial Officer

Digitally signed by APURVA DINESH DALAL
Date: 2024.05.02 23:31:56 +05'30'

KETAN
DAVE
Ketan Dave
Director
DIN: 08658614
SNEHA
CHOUDHARY
Sneha Choudhary
Company Secretary

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Date: 2024.05.02 23:32:18 +05'30'

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Date: 2024.05.02 23:36:06 +05'30'

Place : Ahmedabad
Date : 2nd May, 2024

Place : Ahmedabad
Date : 2nd May, 2024

ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)
Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March, 2024



| Particulars | Equity Share Capital | | Reserves and Surplus | | Total |
|--|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|--|--------------|
| | No. of Shares | Amount | Retained Earnings | | |
| As at 1st April, 2022 | 50,490,000 | 5,049 | (833) | | 4,216 |
| (Loss) for the year | - | - | (28) | | (28) |
| Other Comprehensive Income | - | - | - | | - |
| Total Comprehensive (Loss) for the year | - | - | (28) | | (28) |
| As at 31st March, 2023 | 50,490,000 | 5,049 | (861) | | 4,188 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | 555 | | 555 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | - | - | - | | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | - | - | 555 | | 555 |
| As at 31st March, 2024 | 50,490,000 | 5,049 | (306) | | 4,743 |

(₹ in Lakhs)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

In terms of our report attached

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Anjali Gupta
Digitally signed by Anjali Gupta,
 DN: cn=Anjali Gupta, o=Chartered Accountants,
 ou=Chartered Accountants, email=anjanig@dharmeshparikh.com, c=IN

Anjali Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 191598

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)

APURVA Digitally signed
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Date: 2024.05.02
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Apurva Dalal

Whole-time Director

DIN: 08655229

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Tushar Sonawala

Chief Financial Officer

KETAN Digitally signed
by KETAN DAVE
DAVE
Date: 2024.05.02
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Ketan Dave

Director

DIN: 08658614

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SNEHA CHOUDHARY
CHOUDHARY
Y
Date: 2024.05.02
23:35:56 +05'30'

Sneha Choudhary

Company Secretary

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 2nd May, 2024

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 2nd May, 2024

ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)
Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31st March, 2024



| Particulars | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|--|--|
| (A) Cash flow from operating activities | | |
| Profit / (Loss) before tax | 733 | (45) |
| Adjustment to reconcile the Profit / (Loss) before tax to net cash flows: | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation expenses | 1,367 | 1,326 |
| Interest Income | (204) | (50) |
| Loss on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net) | 5 | 5 |
| Liabilities no longer required written back | - | (1) |
| Gain on sale / fair valuation of investments measured at FVTPL (net) | (260) | (23) |
| Finance Costs | 2,985 | 3,343 |
| Operating Profit before working capital adjustments | 4,626 | 4,555 |
| Working Capital changes | | |
| (Increase) / Decrease in Operating Assets | | |
| Other Current Assets | 2 | 64 |
| Other Current Financial Assets | - | 8 |
| Inventories | 7 | (13) |
| Trade Receivables | 67 | 79 |
| Increase / (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities | | |
| Other Current Financial Liabilities | 0 | (0) |
| Other Current Liabilities | 1 | 103 |
| Other Non-current Liabilities | (106) | - |
| Trade Payables | 27 | (27) |
| Net Working Capital Changes | (2) | 214 |
| Cash generated from operations | 4,624 | 4,769 |
| (Less) / Add : Income Tax (Paid) / Refund (net) | (5) | 1 |
| Net cash generated from operating activities (A) | 4,619 | 4,770 |
| (B) Cash flow from investing activities | | |
| Capital expenditure on acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets (including capital advances, capital creditors and capital work-in-progress) | (79) | 2,631 |
| Proceeds from Sale / Discard of Property, Plant and Equipment | 2 | - |
| Fixed / Margin Money deposits (placed) (net) | (961) | (514) |
| Investment in units of Mutual Funds (net) | (669) | (1,681) |
| Interest received | 186 | 47 |
| Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities (B) | (1,521) | 483 |
| (C) Cash flow from financing activities | | |
| Proceeds from Non Current borrowings | 230 | 422 |
| Repayment of Non Current borrowings | (2,853) | (1,546) |
| Payment of Lease Liabilities | (93) | (107) |
| Finance Costs Paid | (2,348) | (2,434) |
| Net cash (used in) financing activities (C) | (5,064) | (3,665) |
| Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents | (1,966) | 1,588 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 2,146 | 558 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 180 | 2,146 |
| Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 11) | | |
| Balances with banks | | |
| In current accounts | 180 | 196 |
| Deposits with maturity less than 3 months | - | 1,950 |
| | 180 | 2,146 |

ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)
Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31st March, 2024



Notes:

- 1 Accrued Interest for the year of ₹ 98 Lakhs (For the year ended 31st March, 2023 ₹ 203 Lakhs) on Inter Corporate Deposit ("ICD") taken from related parties, have been converted to the ICD balances as on reporting date as per the terms of the Contract.
- 2 Disclosure of changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes under Para 44A as set out in Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash flows" under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2017 (as amended) is as under.

| Particulars | As at 1st April, 2023 | Net Cash Flows | Others (refer note 1 above) | Changes in fair values, accruals & modification | As at 31st March, 2024 |
|---|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Non Current borrowings (Including current maturities, refer note 16 and 20) | 30,740 | (2,623) | 98 | 5 | 28,220 |
| Lease Liabilities (refer note 30) | 1,055 | (93) | - | 106 | 1,068 |
| Interest Accrued but not due (refer note 22 and 17) | 545 | (2,348) | (98) | 1,987 | 86 |

| Particulars | As at 1st April, 2022 | Net Cash Flows | Others (refer note 1 above) | Changes in fair values, accruals & modification | As at 31st March, 2023 |
|---|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Non Current borrowings (Including current maturities, refer note 16 and 20) | 31,655 | (1,124) | 203 | 6 | 30,740 |
| Lease Liabilities (refer note 30) | 1,057 | (107) | - | 105 | 1,055 |
| Interest Accrued but not due (refer note 22 and 17) | 1,013 | (2,434) | (203) | 2,169 | 545 |

- 3 The Cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in the "Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 - Statement of Cash Flows" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

In terms of our report attached

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Anjali Gupta

Digitally signed by Anjali Gupta
DN: cn=Anjali Gupta, o=Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP, ou=Chartered Accountants, email=anjaligupta@dharmeshparikh.com, c=IN
Date: 2024.05.02 23:33:24 +05'30'

Anjali Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 191598

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)

APURVA
DINESH
DALAL

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by APURVA
DINESH DALAL
Date: 2024.05.02
23:33:04 +05'30'

Apurva Dalal

Whole-time Director

DIN: 08655229

TUSHAR
SONAWALA

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TUSHAR
SONAWALA
Date: 2024.05.02
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Tushar Sonawala

Chief Financial Officer

KETAN
DAVE

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Date:
2024.05.02
23:33:24 +05'30'

Ketan Dave

Director

DIN: 08658614

SNEHA
CHOUDHARY

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SNEHA CHOUDHARY
Date: 2024.05.02
23:35:36 +05'30'

Sneha Choudhary

Company Secretary

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 2nd May, 2024

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 2nd May, 2024

Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited)
Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2024

1. Corporate Information

Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited) is a company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (CIN - U40106GJ2018PLC104745). The registered office of the Company is located at "Adani Corporate House", Shantigram, Near Vaishno Devi Circle, S. G. Highway, Khodiyar, Ahmedabad-382421, Gujarat.

The Company has installed capacity of 75 MW at Chibon, Chitrakoot to augment renewable power supply in the state of Uttar Pradesh. The Company sells power generated from 75 MW solar power project under long term Power Purchase Agreement (PPA).

2. Basis of Preparation and presentation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) read with section 133 of Companies Act, 2013 and presentation requirements of Division II of schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 (as amended). The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value (as explained in the accounting policies below):

- i. Derivative Financial Instruments
- ii. Certain financial assets and liabilities
- iii. Defined Benefit Plan's – Plan Assets

The Company's financial statements are presented in INR (₹) (Indian Rupees), and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs, except when otherwise indicated. Amounts less than ₹ 50,000 have been presented as "0".

3. Material accounting policies

a. Property, plant and equipment

i. Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are stated at acquisition cost grossed up with the amount of tax / duty benefits availed, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

All Directly Attributable costs, including borrowing costs incurred up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use and for qualifying assets, are capitalised along with the respective asset.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use, cost of testing whether the asset is functioning properly, after deducting the net proceeds from selling power generated while ensuring the asset at that location and condition are properly operational, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which it is located. Excess of net sale proceeds if power

Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited)

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2024

generated over the cost of testing, if any, have been deducted from the directly attributable costs considered as part of cost of item of property, plant and equipment. The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, cost of testing whether the asset is functioning properly, after deducting the net proceeds from selling any power generated while ensuring the asset to that location and condition are properly operational and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives and they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

ii. Subsequent measurement

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred. Subsequent costs are depreciated over the residual life of the respective assets.

iii. Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using Straight Line method. The useful life of property, plant and equipment is considered based on life prescribed in part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, except in case of the Plant and Equipment in the nature of solar equipments, in whose case the life of the assets has been estimated at 30 years based on technical assessment taking into account the nature of assets, the estimated usage of the assets, the operating condition of the assets, anticipated technical changes, manufacturer warranties and maintenance support. In case of major components identified, depreciation is provided based on the useful life of each such component based on technical assessment, if materially different from that of the main asset.

iv. Derecognition

Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited)

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2024

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

b. Capital Work in Progress

Directly attributable Expenditure related to and incurred during implementation (net of incidental income from selling power generated while bringing the asset to that location and condition) of capital projects to get the assets ready for intended use and for a qualifying asset is included under "Capital Work in Progress (including related inventories)". The same is allocated to the respective items of property plant and equipment on completion of construction (development of infrastructure) / erection of the capital project / property plant and equipment. Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any.

c. Financial Instruments

A Financial Instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A financial asset (except for trade receivable) and financial liability is initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a legally enforceable right (not contingent on future events) to off-set the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

d. Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the assets. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades).

Subsequent measurement

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification of Financial Assets:

Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited)

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2024

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets that meet the criteria for subsequent measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate (EIR) method (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

Amortised Cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets that meet the criteria for initial recognition at FVTOCI are remeasured at fair value at the end of each reporting date through other comprehensive income (OCI).

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria are remeasured at fair value at the end of each reporting date through profit and loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of that financial asset.

Impairment of Financial assets

The Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, trade receivables and other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset.

The Company measures the loss allowance for a trade receivable and contract assets by following 'simplified approach' at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses. In the case of other financial assets, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss and where credit risk has increased, significantly, lifetime ECL is used.

e. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited)
Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2024

Subsequent measurement

For the purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified under two categories:

- Financial liabilities at amortised cost
- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Classification of Financial liabilities:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if these are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company those are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. Subsequent changes in fair value of liabilities are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

On derecognition, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liabilities derecognized and the consideration paid / payable is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In case of derecognition of financial liabilities relating to promoters contribution, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid / payable is recognised in other equity.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a legally enforceable right (not contingent on future events) to off-set the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited
(Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited)
Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2024

f. Inventories

Inventories in the nature of stores and spare parts are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses where considered necessary. Net realisable

value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Cost of Inventories comprises all cost of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the cost, weighted average cost method is used.

Stores and Spares which do not meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are accounted as inventories.

g. Current and non-current classification

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle for determining current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities in the Balance sheet other than deferred tax assets and liabilities which are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

h. Taxation

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside the Statement of Profit or Loss is recognised outside the Statement of Profit or Loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized for the future tax consequences of deductible temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences except when the deferred tax liability arises at the time of transaction that affects neither the accounting profit or loss nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except when;

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- (a) The deferred tax asset relating to temporary differences arising at the time of transaction that affects neither the accounting profit or loss nor the taxable profit or loss.
- (b) In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint venture entities, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future and, When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination.

i. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) (net off distribution on Unsecured Perpetual Securities whether declared or not) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

j. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of amount cannot be made. Contingent liabilities may arise from litigation, taxation and other claims against the Company. The contingent liabilities are disclosed where it is management's assessment that the outcome of any litigation and other claims against the Company is uncertain or cannot be reliably quantified, unless the likelihood of an adverse outcome is remote.

k. Revenue recognition

The accounting policies for the specific revenue streams of the Company are summarized below:

a) Revenue from power supply

The Company's contracts with customers for the sale of electricity generally include one performance obligation. The Company has concluded that revenue from sale of electricity, net of discounts, incentives / disincentives, if any, should be recognised at the point in time when electricity is supplied to the customers.

- b)** Interest income is recognised on time proportion basis at Effective Interest Rate (EIR). Interest income is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

l. Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Right of Use Assets:

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The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lessor transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the lessee by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Company will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lease Liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments to be paid over the lease term at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. Subsequently, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

For a lease modification that is not a separate lease, at the effective date of the modification, the lessee accounts for the lease modification by remeasuring the lease liability using a discount rate determined at that date and the lessee makes a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

m. Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of non-financial assets, assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budget and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's cash-generating unit to which the individual assets are allocated. For longer periods, a long term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budget

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/ forecasts, the Company estimates cash flow projections based on estimated growth rate.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the Company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Assets (other than goodwill) for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the Company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

n. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale, based on borrowings incurred specifically for financing the asset or the weighted average rate of all other borrowings, if no specific borrowings have been incurred for the asset. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing cost.

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o. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Statement of Cash Flow comprise cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks where the original maturity is three months or less.

p. Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives and mutual funds at fair value at each balance sheet date.

The Company's management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as unquoted financial assets and financial liabilities and derivatives.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

3.1 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures including contingent liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on experience and other factors that management considers to be relevant. Actual results may significantly differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis by the management of the Company. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods.

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if the revision affects both current and future periods. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Key Sources of Estimation uncertainty:

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty and judgements at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

i. Useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment

In case of the solar power generation equipments (assets), in whose case the life of the assets has been estimated at 30 years based on technical assessment, taking into account the nature of the assets, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating condition of the asset, anticipated technological changes, manufacturer warranties and maintenance support, except for some major components identified during the year, depreciation on the same is provided based on the useful life of each such component based on technical assessment, if materially different from that of the main asset.

ii. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

In estimating the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, the Company uses market observable data to the extent available. Where such Level 1 inputs are not available, the Company establishes appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

iii. Taxes

Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies and future

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recoverability of deferred tax assets. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realisable could reduce if the estimates of the future taxable income are reduced. In assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets, the Company relies on the same forecast assumptions used elsewhere in the financial statements.

iv. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted future cash flows model. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted future cash flows model as well as the expected future cash-inflows.

v. Impairment of Financial Assets

The impairment provisions for trade receivables are made considering simplified approach based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on the Company's past history and other factors at the end of each reporting period. In case of other financial assets, the Company applies general approach for recognition of impairment losses wherein the Company uses judgement in considering the probability of default upon initial recognition and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period.

vi. Recognition of Revenue from Power Supply

In case of pending tariff regulatory matters, the recognition of revenue is a matter of judgement based on facts and circumstances. The Company evaluates the fact pattern and circumstances, for each such regulatory matters. The revenue is recognised only when there is probability that the Company is entitled to the collection of consideration, as per the principles enunciated under Ind AS 115.

Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended on 31st March, 2024

4.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

| Net Carrying amount of: | (₹ in Lakhs) | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | As at 31st March, 2024 | As at 31st March, 2023 |
| Tangible Assets | | |
| Land - Freehold | 15 | - |
| Plant and Equipments | 33,956 | 35,321 |
| Building | 508 | 441 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 5 | 5 |
| Computer | 6 | 3 |
| Office Equipment | 18 | 16 |
| Vehicles | 7 | 8 |
| | 34,515 | 35,793 |

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Description of Assets | Property, Plant and Equipment | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | Land - Freehold | Plant and Equipments | Buildings | Furniture and Fixtures | Computer Hardware | Office Equipments | Vehicles |
| I. Cost | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 1st April, 2022 | - | 36,293 | 591 | 0 | 5 | 15 | 8 |
| Additions for the year | - | 1,321 | 21 | 5 | 0 | 7 | 2 |
| Disposals for the year | - | (5) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | - | 37,609 | 612 | 5 | 5 | 22 | 10 |
| Additions for the year | 15 | 17 | 201 | - | 4 | 8 | 0 |
| Disposals for the year | - | (200) | - | - | - | (1) | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 15 | 37,426 | 813 | 5 | 9 | 29 | 10 |
| II. Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 1st April, 2022 | - | 1,103 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Depreciation expense for the year | - | 1,186 | 91 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| Disposals for the year | - | (1) | - | - | - | (0) | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | - | 2,288 | 171 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 2 |
| Depreciation expense for the year | - | 1,189 | 134 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| Disposals for the year | - | (7) | - | - | - | (1) | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | - | 3,470 | 305 | 0 | 3 | 11 | 3 |
| | | | | | | | Total |
| | | | | | | | 36,912 |
| | | | | | | | 1,356 |
| | | | | | | | (5) |
| | | | | | | | 38,263 |
| | | | | | | | 245 |
| | | | | | | | (201) |
| | | | | | | | 38,307 |
| | | | | | | | 1,188 |
| | | | | | | | 1,283 |
| | | | | | | | (1) |
| | | | | | | | 2,470 |
| | | | | | | | 1,330 |
| | | | | | | | (8) |
| | | | | | | | 3,792 |

Notes:

- (i) For charges created refer note 16 and 20.
(ii) Asset Retirement Obligation of ₹ 154 Lakhs have been capitalized in Property, Plant and Equipment during the previous year.

4.2 Right-of-Use Assets

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 | As at 31st March, 2023 |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Carrying amount of: | | |
| Lease hold Land | 1,145 | 1,188 |
| | 1,145 | 1,188 |

| Description of Assets | Lease hold land | Total |
|---|-----------------|-------|
| I. Cost | | |
| Balance as at 1st April, 2022 | 1,294 | 1,294 |
| Addition during the year | 10 | 10 |
| Alteration / modification in lease arrangements during the year | (10) | (10) |
| Disposals for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 1,294 | 1,294 |
| Addition during the year | - | - |
| Disposals for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 1,294 | 1,294 |
| II. Accumulated depreciation | | |
| Balance as at 1st April, 2022 | 62 | 62 |
| Depreciation expense during the year | 44 | 44 |
| Disposals for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 106 | 106 |
| Depreciation expense during the year | 43 | 43 |
| Disposals for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 149 | 149 |

Note:

For charges created refer note 16 and 20.

4.3 Capital Work-In-Progress

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Opening Balance | 24 | 453 |
| Additions during the year | 209 | 944 |
| Capitalised during the year | (230) | (1,356) |
| Transferred to Inventories | - | (16) |
| Total | 3 | 24 |

Notes:

- (i) For charges created refer note 16 and 20.
(ii) CWIP Ageing Schedule:

a. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2024

| Capital Work In Progress | Amount in CWIP for a period of | | | Total |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| | Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | |
| Projects in progress | - | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Projects temporarily suspended | - | - | - | - |
| | - | 3 | 0 | 3 |

b. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2023

| Capital Work In Progress | Amount in CWIP for a period of | | | Total |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| | Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | |
| Projects in progress | 8 | 16 | - | 24 |
| Projects temporarily suspended | - | - | - | - |
| | 8 | 16 | - | 24 |

- (iii) The Company does not have any project temporarily suspended or any CWIP which is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan as at 31st March, 2024 and 31st March, 2023.

4.4 Intangible Assets

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 | As at 31st March, 2023 |
| Net Carrying Amount of: | | |
| Computer software | 1 | - |
| Total | 1 | - |

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|
| Description of Assets | Computer software | Total |
| I. Cost | | |
| Balance as at 1st April, 2022 | - | - |
| Additions for the year | - | - |
| Disposals for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | - | - |
| Additions for the year | 1 | 1 |
| Disposals for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 1 | 1 |
| II. Accumulated Amortisation | | |
| Balance as at 1st April, 2022 | - | - |
| Amortisation expense for the year | - | - |
| Disposals for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | - | - |
| Amortisation expense for the year | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals for the year | - | - |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 0 | 0 |

Notes:
For charges created refer note 16 and 20.

5 Other Non Current Financial Assets

Balances held as Margin Money or security against borrowings (refer note (i) below)
Security deposit

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------|---|---|
| | 1,824 | 863 |
| | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 1,824 | 863 |

Notes:

- (i) Debt Service Reserve Account (DSRA) Deposits against Rupee Term Loans which is expected to roll over after the maturity till the tenure of Rupee Term Loans.
(ii) For charges created refer note 16 and 20.

6 Deferred Tax Assets (Net)

Deferred Tax Liabilities on

Difference between book base and tax base of Property, Plant and Equipment and Right of Use Assets / Lease liability
Mark to Market on Mutual Funds

Gross deferred tax liabilities

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|---|---|
| | 5,994 | 5,261 |
| | 18 | 4 |
| | 6,012 | 5,265 |

Deferred Tax Assets on

Unabsorbed depreciation
Asset Retirement Obligation

Gross Deferred Tax Assets

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|---|---|
| | 6,070 | 5,504 |
| | 45 | 42 |
| | 6,115 | 5,546 |

Net Deferred Tax Assets

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|---|---|
| | 103 | 281 |

Movement in deferred tax assets (net) for the Financial Year 2023-24
Particulars

Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities:

Difference between book base and tax base of Property, Plant and Equipment and Right of Use Assets / Lease liability

Mark to Market on Mutual Funds

Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities

Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets :

Unabsorbed depreciation

Asset Retirement Obligation

Gross Deferred Tax Assets

Net Deferred Tax Assets

| | As at 1st April, 2023 | Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss | Recognised in OCI | As at 31st March 2024 |
|--|--------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------|
| | 5,261 | 733 | - | 5,994 |
| | 4 | 14 | - | 18 |
| | 5,265 | 747 | - | 6,012 |
| | | | | |
| | 5,504 | 566 | - | 6,070 |
| | 42 | 3 | - | 45 |
| | 5,546 | 569 | - | 6,115 |
| | 281 | (178) | - | 103 |

Movement in deferred tax assets (net) for the Financial Year 2022-23
Particulars

Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities:

Difference between book base and tax base of Property, Plant and Equipment and Right of Use Assets / Lease liability

Mark to Market on Mutual Funds

Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities

Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets :

Unabsorbed depreciation

Asset Retirement Obligation

Gross Deferred Tax Assets

Net Deferred Tax Assets

| | As at 1st April, 2022 | Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss | Recognised in OCI | As at 31st March 2023 |
|--|--------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------|
| | 3,662 | 1,599 | - | 5,261 |
| | - | 4 | - | 4 |
| | 3,662 | 1,603 | - | 5,265 |
| | | | | |
| | 3,926 | 1,578 | - | 5,504 |
| | - | 42 | - | 42 |
| | 3,926 | 1,620 | - | 5,546 |
| | 264 | 17 | - | 281 |

The Company has entered into long term power purchase agreement with Central distribution company for period of 30 years, pursuant to this management is reasonably certain that the unabsorbed depreciation will be utilized. Unabsorbed depreciation can be utilised at any time without any restriction or time-frame.

7 Other Non - Current Assets

Capital advances (refer note (i) below)

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------|---|---|
| | 46 | 51 |
| Total | 46 | 51 |

Notes:

- (i) For balances with related parties refer note 36.
(ii) For charges created refer note 16 and 20.

**8 Inventories
(At lower of Cost or Net Realisable Value)**

Stores and Spares

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------|---|---|
| | 55 | 41 |
| Total | 55 | 41 |

Note:

- (ii) For charges created refer note 16 and 20.

9 Current Investments

(Investment measured at FVTPL)

Investment in Mutual Funds (Unquoted and fully paid)

2,76,326 Units (As at 31st March, 2023 :- Nil) of Birla Sun Life Cash Plus - Growth-Direct Plan
21,151 Units (As at 31st March, 2023 :- Nil) of HDFC Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Growth Option
8,471 Units (As at 31st March, 2023 :- Nil) of SBI Liquid Fund Direct Growth
3,896 Units (As at 31st March, 2023 :- 24,443 Units) of Aditya Birla Overnight Fund Growth-Direct-Plan
Nil Units (As at 31st March, 2023 :- 3,87,707 Units) of Birla Sun Life Cash Plus Growth- Direct Plan
4,597 Units (As at 31st March, 2023 :- Nil Units) of UTI Liquid Cash Plan-Direct Plan Growth

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|---|---|
| | 1,077 | - |
| | 1,003 | - |
| | 320 | - |
| | 51 | 296 |
| | - | 1,408 |
| | 182 | - |
| Total | 2,633 | 1,704 |
| Aggregate amount of carrying value and net asset value of unquoted investments | 2,633 | 1,704 |

Note:

For charges created refer note 16 and 20.

10 Trade Receivable

Secured, considered good
Unsecured, considered good (refer note 39)
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk
Trade Receivables - Credit impaired
Less: Loss allowance for credit impaired
Unbilled receivable (refer note 39)

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------|---|---|
| | - | - |
| | 49 | 154 |
| | - | - |
| | - | - |
| | - | - |
| | 526 | 488 |
| Total | 575 | 642 |

Notes:

(i) For balances with related parties refer note 36.

(ii) For charges created refer note 16

(iii) Expected Credit Loss (ECL)

Trade receivables of the Company are majorly from State Electricity Distribution Companies (DISCOM) which are Government entities and from related parties with credit period of 30-360 days. The Company is regularly receiving its dues from DISCOM and related parties. Delayed payments carries interest as per the terms of agreements with DISCOM and related parties. Trade receivables are majorly due for lesser than one year, accordingly in relation to these dues, the Company does not foresee any Credit Risk.

(iv) Ageing Schedule:

a. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2024

| Sr No | Particulars | Unbilled | Not Due | Outstanding for following periods from due date of receipt | | | | | Total |
|--------------|--|------------|-----------|--|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|------------|
| | | | | Less than 6 months | 6 Months - 1 year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 years | |
| 1 | Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good | 526 | 16 | 0 | - | - | 33 | - | 575 |
| 2 | Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in risk | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3 | Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | Disputed Trade receivables - Considered good | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in risk | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6 | Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 7 | Allowance for impairment | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | | 526 | 16 | 0 | - | - | 33 | - | 575 |

b. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2023

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Sr No | Particulars | Unbilled | Not Due | Outstanding for following periods from due date of receipt | | | | | Total |
|--------------|--|------------|----------|--|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|------------|
| | | | | Less than 6 months | 6 Months - 1 year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 years | |
| 1 | Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good | 488 | 3 | 30 | 82 | 39 | - | - | 642 |
| 2 | Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in risk | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3 | Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | Disputed Trade receivables - Considered good | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in risk | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 6 | Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 7 | Allowance for impairment | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | | 488 | 3 | 30 | 82 | 39 | - | - | 642 |

11 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Balances with banks
In current accounts
Fixed Deposits (with original maturity for three months or less)

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------|---|---|
| | 180 | 196 |
| | - | 1,950 |
| Total | 180 | 2,146 |

Note :

For charges created refer note 16 and 20.

12 Other Current Financial Assets

Security deposit
Interest Accrued

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------|---|---|
| | 11 | 11 |
| | 25 | 8 |
| Total | 36 | 19 |

Note :

For charges created refer note 16 and 20.

13 Other Current Assets

Advance for supply of goods and services (refer note (i) below)
Prepaid Expenses

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------|---|---|
| | 1 | 2 |
| | 8 | 9 |
| Total | 9 | 11 |

Notes:

- (i) For balances with related parties refer note 36.
(ii) For charges created refer note 16 and 20.

14 Equity Share Capital

Authorised Share Capital
50,490,000 (as at 31st March, 2023 50,490,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------|---|---|
| | 5,049 | 5,049 |
| Total | 5,049 | 5,049 |

Issued, Subscribed and fully paid-up Equity Shares
50,490,000 (as at 31st March, 2023 50,490,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each

| | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 5,049 | 5,049 |
| Total | 5,049 | 5,049 |

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Equity Shares

At the beginning of the year

Issued during the year

Outstanding at the end of the year

| As at 31st March, 2024 | | As at 31st March, 2023 | |
|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|
| No. of Shares | (₹ in Lakhs) | No. of Shares | (₹ in Lakhs) |
| 50,490,000 | 5,049 | 50,490,000 | 5,049 |
| - | - | - | - |
| 50,490,000 | 5,049 | 50,490,000 | 5,049 |

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.

c. Shares held by holding entity

Out of equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding entity is as under:

| | As at 31st March, 2024 | | As at 31st March, 2023 | |
|--|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|
| | No. of Shares | (₹ in Lakhs) | No. of Shares | (₹ in Lakhs) |
| Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid | | | | |
| Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited) (along with its nominees) | 50,490,000 | 5,049 | 50,490,000 | 5,049 |

d. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

| | As at 31st March, 2024 | | As at 31st March, 2023 | |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | No. of Shares | % holding in the class | No. of Shares | % holding in the class |
| Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid | | | | |
| Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited) (along with its nominees) | 50,490,000 | 100% | 50,490,000 | 100% |
| Total | 50,490,000 | 100% | 50,490,000 | 100% |

e. Details of shares held by promoters

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 | | | As at 31st March, 2023 | | |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|----------|------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| | No. of Shares | % holding in the class | % Change | No. of Shares | % holding in the class | % Change |
| Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited) (along with its nominees) | 50,490,000 | 100% | - | 50,490,000 | 100% | - |
| Total | 50,490,000 | 100% | - | 50,490,000 | 100% | - |

15 Other Equity

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Retained earnings | | |
| Opening Balance | (861) | (833) |
| Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year | 555 | (28) |
| Closing Balance | (306) | (861) |

Note:

Retained earnings represents the amount that can be distributed by the Company as dividends considering the requirements of the Companies' Act, 2013.

**16 Non - Current Borrowings
(At amortised cost)**

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|---|---|
| Secured borrowings | | |
| Term Loans (refer note below) | | |
| From Financial Institutions | 18,300 | 20,934 |
| Unsecured borrowings | | |
| 9% Unsecured Compulsory Convertible Debenture (refer note 36 and note (ii) and (iii) below) | 4,851 | 4,851 |
| From related parties (refer note 36 and note (iv) & (v) below) | 3,988 | 3,958 |
| Total | 27,139 | 29,743 |

Notes:

Security details and Repayment schedule for the balances as at 31st March, 2024

(i) Rupee term loans from Financial Institutions aggregating to ₹ 19,468 Lakhs (As at 31st March, 2023 ₹ 22,022 Lakhs) and are secured /to be secured by first charge on all immovable assets and movable assets including current assets of the Company. Further, secured by pledge of 51% Equity shares held by Adani Green Energy Limited (the Ultimate Holding Company) and corporate guarantee given by the Holding Company. The same carries an interest rate in range of 9.45% p.a. to 10.55% p.a. and are payable in 204 structured Monthly instalments starting from financial year 2022-23.

(ii) Compulsory Convertible Debentures shall be converted into equity shares using conversion ratio which is face value divided by price per equity share as determined by valuation methodology at the time of conversion.

(iii) 9% Compulsory Convertible Debentures issued by the, company are convertible any time before 20 years period from date of issue (i.e. 15th February, 2020).

(iv) Loans from related parties are repayable on mutually agreed terms within a period of five year from the date of agreement and carries an interest rate in range of 9.00% to 10.60% p.a.

(v) Unpaid interest at year end is added with the principal amount as per the terms of the agreement. Refer foot note 1 of Cashflow Statement.

(vi) For Maturity of Borrowings, refer note 31.

17 Other Non - Current Financial Liabilities

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|---|---|
| Interest accrued but not due on borrowings (refer note below and note 36) | 1,771 | 897 |
| Total | 1,771 | 897 |

Note:

For conversion of Interest accrued on Intercompany Deposits taken from related parties, refer footnote 1 of Cash Flow Statement

18 Non Current Provision

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|---|---|
| Asset retirement obligations (refer note below) | 177 | 165 |
| Total | 177 | 165 |

Note:

Movement in Asset Retirement Obligation

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Opening Balance | 165 | - |
| Addition during the year | - | 154 |
| Unwinding of Interest | 12 | 11 |
| Closing Balance | 177 | 165 |

19 Other Non-Current Liabilities

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|------------------|---|---|
| Deferred revenue | 2,756 | 2,862 |
| Total | 2,756 | 2,862 |

20 Current Borrowings

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|---|---|
| Secured Borrowings | | |
| Current maturities of Non-current borrowings | 1,081 | 997 |
| Total | 1,081 | 997 |

Notes:

- (i) Security note for Current maturities of non current borrowings are covered in Non current borrowings schedule (refer note 16)
(ii) For Maturity of Borrowings, refer note 31.

21 Trade Payables

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|---|---|
| Trade Payables | | |
| - Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 38) | 7 | 10 |
| - Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises | 107 | 76 |
| Total | 114 | 86 |

Notes:

- (i) For balances with related parties refer note 36.
(ii) Ageing schedule:

a. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2024

| Sr No | Particulars | Not Due (including Accrued Expense) | Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payment | | | | Total |
|-------|------------------------|--|--|-----------|-----------|-------------------|------------|
| | | | Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 years | |
| 1 | MSME | 7 | - | - | - | - | 7 |
| 2 | Others | 47 | 58 | 2 | - | - | 107 |
| 3 | Disputed dues - MSME | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | Disputed dues - Others | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | Total | 54 | 58 | 2 | - | - | 114 |

b. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2023

| Sr No | Particulars | Not Due (including Accrued Expense) | Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payment | | | | Total |
|-------|------------------------|--|--|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | | Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 years | |
| 1 | MSME | 10 | - | - | - | - | 10 |
| 2 | Others | 50 | 26 | - | - | - | 76 |
| 3 | Disputed dues - MSME | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | Disputed dues - Others | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | Total | 60 | 26 | - | - | - | 86 |

22 Other Current Financial Liabilities

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|---|---|
| Interest accrued but not due on borrowings | 86 | 545 |
| Capital Creditors (refer note (i) and (ii) below) | 2,096 | 2,113 |
| Other Payables | 0 | 0 |
| Retention money payable | - | 14 |
| Total | 2,182 | 2,672 |

Note:

Capital creditors represents the amounts payable for purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment and Capital-Work-In-Progress. For total outstanding due of micro enterprises and small enterprises refer note 38

23 Other Current Liabilities

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Statutory liabilities | 1 | 1 |
| Advance received from customers | 1 | 0 |
| Deferred revenue | 106 | 106 |
| Total | 108 | 107 |

24 Revenue from Operations

| | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|--|--|
| Revenue From Contract with Customers (refer note 39) | | |
| Revenue from Power Supply (refer note (ii) below) | 5,055 | 5,049 |
| Revenue from Traded Goods (refer note (i) below) | - | 13 |
| Other Operating Income | | |
| Income from Change in Law | 106 | 12 |
| Total | 5,161 | 5,074 |

Notes:

- (i) For transactions with related parties refer note 36.
(ii) The Company has netted off Open Access Charges with Revenue from Power Supply in view of the revenue recognition criteria as per 'Ind AS 115: Revenue from Contract with Customers'. Corresponding netting off is also done in the comparative periods presented in the financial statements and the amounts are not material.

25 Other Income

| | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|--|--|
| Interest Income (refer note (i) below) | 204 | 50 |
| Net gain on sale / fair valuation of investments through profit and loss (refer note (ii) below) | 260 | 23 |
| Scrap Sale | 0 | - |
| Liabilities no longer required written back | 9 | 1 |
| Miscellaneous Income | - | 23 |
| Total | 473 | 97 |

Notes:

(i) Interest income includes ₹ 143 Lakhs (for the year ended 31st March, 2023: ₹ 49 Lakhs) from Bank deposits.

(ii) Includes fair value gain amounting to ₹ 52 lakhs (for the year ended 31st March 2023 : ₹ 16 lakhs)

26 Finance costs

| | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|--|--|
| (a) Interest Expenses on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: | | |
| Interest on Loans and Debentures (refer note below) | 2,855 | 3,220 |
| Interest on Lease Liabilities | 107 | 105 |
| Interest on Others | - | 0 |
| (a) | 2,962 | 3,325 |
| (b) Other borrowing costs : | | |
| Bank Charges and Other Borrowing Costs | 23 | 18 |
| (b) | 23 | 18 |
| Total (a+b) | 2,985 | 3,343 |

Note:

For transactions with related parties refer note 36.

27 Other Expenses

| | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|--|--|
| Transmission expense | 48 | 8 |
| Stores and Spares Consumed | 17 | 35 |
| Other Operating expense (refer note below) | 60 | 106 |
| Legal and Professional Expenses (refer note below) | 27 | 70 |
| Rates and Taxes | - | 0 |
| Repairs, Operations and Maintenance | | |
| Plant and Machinery (refer note below) | 260 | 246 |
| Others | 0 | - |
| Payment to Auditors | | |
| Statutory Audit Fees | 1 | 1 |
| Others | - | - |
| Electricity Expenses | - | - |
| Insurance expenses | 32 | 35 |
| Directors' Sitting Fees | 1 | 4 |
| Office Expenses | 1 | 1 |
| Communication expenses | 2 | 2 |
| Loss on sale / discard of Property, Plant and Equipment (net) | 5 | 5 |
| Conveyance Expense | 26 | 30 |
| Reduction in carrying value of inventory | 4 | - |
| Miscellaneous Expenses | 65 | 4 |
| Total | 549 | 547 |

Note:

For transactions with related parties refer note 36.

28 Income Tax

The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2024 and 31st March, 2023 are:

Income Tax Expense :

| | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|--|--|
| Current Tax: | | |
| Current Tax Charge | - | - |
| (a) | - | - |
| Deferred Tax | | |
| In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences. | 178 | (17) |
| (b) | 178 | (17) |
| Total (a+b) | 178 | (17) |
| Profit / (Loss) before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss | 733 | (45) |
| Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate @ 25.17% (As at 31st March, 2023 @ 25.17%) | 185 | (11) |
| Tax Effect of : | | |
| Income and Expenses not allowed under Income Tax | (7) | (6) |
| Income tax recognised in statement of profit and loss at effective rate | 178 | (17) |

29 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments (to the extent not provided for) :

(i) Contingent Liabilities :

Based on the information available with the Company, there is no contingent liability as at the year ended 31st March, 2024 and 31st March, 2023.

(ii) Commitments :

| | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|---|---|
| Capital Commitment (estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for) | 18 | 42 |
| | 18 | 42 |

30 Leases

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 to short term leases of all the assets that have a lease term of twelve months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

The Company has lease contracts for land used in its operations. Leases of this items generally have lease terms of 30 years, the company is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities is 10.50%.

The following is the movement in Lease liabilities:

| Particulars | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|--------------|
| Balance as at 1st April, 2022 | 1,057 |
| Add: New Contracts entered during the year | 10 |
| Less: Alteration / modification in lease arrangements during the year | (10) |
| Add: Interest expense incurred during the year | 105 |
| Less: Payments of Lease Liabilities | (107) |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2023 | 1,055 |
| Add: Interest expense incurred during the year | 107 |
| Less: Payments of Lease Liabilities | (94) |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | 1,068 |

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 | As at 31st March, 2023 |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Classification of Lease Liabilities: | | |
| Current Lease Liabilities | 90 | 89 |
| Non - Current Lease Liabilities | 978 | 965 |
| Total | 1,068 | 1,055 |

| Particulars | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 |
|--|--|--|
| Disclosure of expenses related to Leases: | | |
| Interest expense on Lease Liabilities | 107 | 105 |
| Depreciation on Right of Use Assets | 43 | 44 |
| Total | 150 | 149 |

For maturity profile of lease liabilities, refer note 31 of maturity profile of financial liabilities.

31 Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Review

The Company's risk management activities are subject to the management direction and control under the framework of Risk Management Policy as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Management ensures appropriate risk governance framework for the Company through appropriate policies and procedures and those risks are identified and measured properly.

The Company's financial liabilities comprise mainly of borrowings, trade and other payables. The Company's financial assets comprise mainly of investments, cash and cash equivalents, other balances with banks, trade receivables and other receivables.

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Market risk;
- Credit risk; and
- Liquidity risk

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and price risk.

i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's non current debt obligations with fixed and floating interest rates.

The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a mixed portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings. The Company's borrowings from banks and financial institutions are at floating rate of interest and borrowings from related parties are at fixed rate of interest.

The sensitivity analysis have been carried out based on the exposure to interest rates for instruments not hedged against interest rate fluctuations at the end of the reporting period. The said analysis has been carried on the amount of floating rate non current liabilities outstanding at the end of the reporting period. A 50 basis point increase or decrease represents the management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

In case of fluctuation in interest rates by 50 basis points and all other variable were held constant, the Company's profit / (loss) for the year would increase or decrease as follows:

| | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|---|---|
| Total Exposure of the Company to variable rate of borrowing | 19,467 | 22,022 |
| Impact on Profit / (loss) before tax for the year | 97 | 110 |

The year end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the year.

The company intends to hold investment in mutual fund for relatively shorter period of time and hence the interest rate risk is not material to that extent.

ii) Foreign Currency risk

Foreign Currency risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. There is no foreign currency exposure as at the year ending 31st March, 2024 and 31st March, 2023. Hence, the Company's Profit / (Loss) for the year would have no impact.

iii) Price risk

The Company does not have price risk.

Credit risk

Trade Receivable:

Trade receivables of the Company are majorly from its related entities and Central Electricity Distribution Company (DISCOM) which are Government entities and from related parties. The Company is regularly receiving its dues from its related entities and DISCOM. Delayed payments carries interest as per the terms of agreements with DISCOM. Trade receivables are generally due for lesser than one year, accordingly in relation to these dues, the Company does not foresee any significant Credit Risk.

Other Financial Assets:

This comprises mainly of deposits with banks, interest accrued & others. Credit risk arising from these financial assets is limited and there is no collateral held against these because the counterparties are banks and recognised financial institutions. Banks and recognised financial institutions have high credit ratings assigned by the credit rating agencies.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company monitors its risk of shortage of funds using cash flow forecasting models. These models consider the maturity of its financial investments, committed funding and projected cash flows from operations. The Company's objective is to provide financial resources to meet its business objectives in a timely, cost effective and reliable manner and to manage its capital structure. A balance between continuity of funding and flexibility is maintained through continued support from lenders, trade creditors as well as through issue of equity shares.

The Company expects to generate positive cash flows from operations in order to meet its financial liabilities as they fall due. The Company has unconditional financial support from Ultimate Holding Company including extension of repayment terms of borrowings, as and when needed.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities :

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

| | | | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|
| As at 31st March, 2024 | Note | Less than 1 year | 1 to 5 year | More than 5 Years | Total |
| Borrowings* | 16 and 20 | 1,087 | 9,128 | 18,092 | 28,307 |
| Lease liabilities# | 30 | 96 | 410 | 2,854 | 3,360 |
| Trade Payables | 21 | 114 | - | - | 114 |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 22 | 2,182 | - | - | 2,182 |
| As at 31st March, 2023 | Note | Less than 1 year | 1 to 5 year | More than 5 Years | Total |
| Borrowings* | 16 and 20 | 1,003 | 8,770 | 21,059 | 30,832 |
| Lease liabilities# | 30 | 95 | 400 | 2,960 | 3,455 |
| Trade Payables | 21 | 86 | - | - | 86 |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 22 | 2,672 | - | - | 2,672 |

* Gross of unamortised transaction costs

Carrying Value of Lease Liabilities as on 31st March, 2024 is ₹ 1,068 Lakhs (as at 31st March, 2023 is ₹ 1,055 Lakhs)

32 Capital Management

The Company's objectives for managing capital is to safeguard continuity and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and provide adequate return to shareholders through continuing growth. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from previous year.

The Company sets the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business and long-term operating plans which include capital and other strategic investments.

The funding requirements are met through a mixture of equity, internal fund generation, and other non current / current borrowings. The Company's policy is to use current and non current borrowings to meet anticipated funding requirements. The Company monitors capital on the basis of the net debt to equity ratio (Capital Gearing Ratio).

In order to achieve overall objective, the company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowing that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest bearing loans and borrowings in the current period. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31st March, 2024 and 31st March, 2023.

The Company believes that it will able to meet all its current liabilities and interest obligation on timely manner.

| Particulars | Note | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|-------------|---|---|
| Gross Debt | 16 and 20 | 28,220 | 30,740 |
| Less : Cash and cash equivalents (including other bank deposits and current investments) | 5, 9 and 11 | 4,637 | 3,850 |
| Net Debt (A) | | 23,583 | 26,890 |
| Total Equity (B) | 14 and 15 | 4,743 | 4,188 |
| Total Capital C=(A+B) | | 28,326 | 31,078 |
| Capital Gearing Ratio (A/C) | | 83% | 87% |

33 Fair Value Measurement :

a) The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of 31st March, 2024 is as follows :

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| Particulars | FVTPL | Amortised cost | Total |
| Financial Assets | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | - | 180 | 180 |
| Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents | - | - | - |
| Investments | 2,633 | - | 2,633 |
| Trade Receivables | - | 575 | 575 |
| Other Financial Assets | - | 1,861 | 1,861 |
| Total | 2,633 | 2,616 | 5,249 |
| Financial Liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | - | 28,220 | 28,220 |
| Trade Payables | - | 114 | 114 |
| Lease liabilities | - | 1,068 | 1,068 |
| Other Financial Liabilities | - | 2,182 | 2,182 |
| Total | - | 31,584 | 31,584 |

b) The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of 31st March, 2023 is as follows :

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| Particulars | FVTPL | Amortised cost | Total |
| Financial Assets | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | - | 2,146 | 2,146 |
| Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents | - | - | - |
| Investments | 1,704 | - | 1,704 |
| Trade Receivables | - | 642 | 642 |
| Other Financial Assets | - | 882 | 882 |
| Total | 1,704 | 3,670 | 5,374 |
| Financial Liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | - | 30,740 | 30,740 |
| Trade Payables | - | 86 | 86 |
| Lease liabilities | - | 1,055 | 1,055 |
| Other Financial Liabilities | - | 2,672 | 2,672 |
| Total | - | 34,553 | 34,553 |

Notes:

(i) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost is not materially different its carrying value .

(ii) Trade Receivables, Cash and cash equivalents, Other bank balances, Investments, Other financial assets, Borrowings, Trade payables and Other financial liabilities: Fair values approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short-term maturities of these instruments.

34 Fair Value hierarchy :

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | | | |
|---------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 | | As at 31st March, 2023 | |
| | Level 2 | Total | Level 2 | Total |
| Assets | | | | |
| Investments | 2,633 | 2,633 | 1,704 | 1,704 |
| Total | 2,633 | 2,633 | 1,704 | 1,704 |

Note:

The fair values of investments in mutual fund units is based on net asset value NAV ('NAV').

35 Pursuant to the Indian Accounting Standard 33 – Earning per Share, the disclosure is as under:

| | UOM | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 |
|--|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Basic and Diluted EPS | | | |
| Profit / (Loss) attributable to equity shareholders | (₹ in Lakhs) | 555 | (28) |
| Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year | No | 50,490,000 | 50,490,000 |
| Nominal Value of equity share | ₹ | 10 | 10 |
| Basic and Diluted EPS | ₹ | 1.10 | (0.06) |

Note:

Since the number of shares to be issued on conversion of compulsory convertible debenture is to be ascertainable based on fair value of shares at the time of conversion, the potential equity shares for the purpose of computing diluted EPS cannot be ascertained.

36 Related party transactions

a. List of related parties and relationship

The Management has identified the following entities and individuals as related parties of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2024 for the purpose of reporting as per Ind AS 24 Related Party Disclosure which are as under:-

| | |
|--|--|
| Entities with joint control of, or significant influence over, the Parent company | : S. B. Adani Family Trust (SBAFT) : Adani Trading Services LLP : Adani Properties Private Limited |
| Ultimate holding Company | : Adani Green Energy Limited |
| Immediate holding Company | : Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited) |
| Entities under common control/ Associate entities (with whom transactions are) | : Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited |
| Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company (with whom transactions are done) | : Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited : Adani Green Energy Six Limited : Prayatna Developers Private Limited : Adani Solar Energy AP Six Private Limited (Formerly known as SBG Cleantech Projectco Private Limited) : Adani Solar Energy Four Limited (Formerly known as Kilaj Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited) |
| Key Management Personnel | : Umesh Ved, Independent Director : Ketan Dave, Director : Sandeep Sahay, Wholetime Director (upto 5th September, 2022) : Alok Sharma, Whole-Time Director (w.e.f 5th September, 2022) : Koushlya Vijay Melwani, Independent Director : Archana Dholakia, Independent Director (upto 6th April, 2023) : Tushar Sonawala, Chief Financial Officer : Sneha Choudhary, Company Secretary : Mrs. Drishti Vesasi, Independent Director (w.e.f 6th April, 2023) : Apurva Dinesh Dalal (w.e.f 5th March, 2024) : Alok Sharma, Chief Executive Officer (w.e.f 5th September, 2022) |

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Outstanding balances of related parties at the year-end are unsecured. Transaction entered into with related party are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

Note:

The names of the related parties and nature of the relationships where control exists are disclosed irrespective of whether or not there have been transactions between the related parties. For others, the names and the nature of relationships is disclosed only when the transactions are entered into by the Company with the related parties during the existence of the related party relationship. Transactions in excess of 10% of the total related party transactions for each type has been disclosed in note below.

36b. Transactions with Related Parties

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particulars | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 | | | | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--------------------------|---|--|---|--------------------------|
| | Holding Company (including Immediate Holding) | Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company | Entities under common control/ Associate entities | Key Management Personnel | Holding Company (including Immediate Holding) | Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company | Entities under common control/ Associate entities | Key Management Personnel |
| Loan Taken | 328 | - | - | - | 624 | - | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | 318 | - | - | - | 614 | - | - | - |
| Loan Repaid Back | 298 | - | - | - | 117 | - | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | 298 | - | - | - | 117 | - | - | - |
| Interest Expense on Loan | 374 | - | - | - | 386 | - | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | 364 | - | - | - | 375 | - | - | - |
| Interest Expense on Debenture | 438 | - | - | - | 437 | - | - | - |
| Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited) | 438 | - | - | - | 437 | - | - | - |
| Receiving of Services | 52 | - | 208 | - | 85 | 620 | 205 | - |
| Adani Green Energy Six Limited | - | - | - | - | - | 620 | - | - |
| Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited | - | - | 208 | - | - | - | 205 | - |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | 52 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Director Sitting Fees | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 4 |
| Mr. Umesh Harjivandas Ved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| Mrs. Archana Ravindrarai Dholakia | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Mrs. Koushlya Melwani | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| Ms. Vesasi Drishti | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| Purchase of Goods | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Adani Solar Energy AP Six Private Limited (Formerly known as SBG Cleantech Projectco Private Limited) | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Corporate Guarantee Released | 2,556 | - | - | - | 1,429 | - | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | 2,556 | - | - | - | 1,429 | - | - | - |
| Sale of Goods | - | - | - | - | 13 | - | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | - | - | - | - | 13 | - | - | - |
| Other Balances transfer from (including advances / reimbursement) | 3 | - | - | - | 10 | 5 | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | 3 | - | - | - | 10 | - | - | - |
| Prayatna Developers Private Limited | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| Other Balances transfer to (including advances / reimbursement) | 0 | 0 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | 0 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - |
| Adani Solar Energy Four Limited (Formerly known as Kilaj Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited) | - | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

36c. Balances With Related Parties

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 | | | | As at 31st March, 2023 | | | |
|--|---|--|---|--------------------------|---|--|---|--------------------------|
| | Holding Company (Including Immediate Holding) | Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company | Entities under common control/ Associate entities | Key Management Personnel | Holding Company (Including Immediate Holding) | Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company | Entities under common control/ Associate entities | Key Management Personnel |
| Borrowings (Loan) | 3,988 | - | - | - | 3,958 | - | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | 3,868 | - | - | - | 3,848 | - | - | - |
| Borrowings (Debenture) | 4,851 | - | - | - | 4,851 | - | - | - |
| Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited) | 4,851 | - | - | - | 4,851 | - | - | - |
| Interest Accrued but not due (Debenture) | 1,771 | - | - | - | 1,333 | - | - | - |
| Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited) | 1,771 | - | - | - | 1,333 | - | - | - |
| Accounts Payables (Inclusive of Provisions) | 759 | 1,386 | 40 | - | 729 | 1,385 | 24 | 3 |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | 759 | - | - | - | 729 | - | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy Six Limited | - | 1,385 | - | - | - | 1,385 | - | - |
| Corporate Guarantee Received | 19,467 | - | - | - | 22,022 | - | - | - |
| Adani Green Energy Limited | 19,467 | - | - | - | 22,022 | - | - | - |

Note:

Refer footnote 1 of Cash Flow Statement for conversion of Unpaid Interest on ICD taken from related parties in to the ICD balances as on reporting date as per the terms of Contract.

37 Ratio Analysis :

| Particulars | UoM | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 | For the year ended 31st March, 2023 | % Variance | Reason for Variance |
|--|--------------|--|--|------------------|---|
| i) Current Ratio: | | | | | |
| Current Assets (a) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 3,488 | 4,563 | | |
| Current Liabilities (b) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 3,575 | 3,951 | | Due to decrease in Current Assets |
| Current Ratio (a/b) | Times | 0.98 | 1.15 | (15.54)% | |
| (a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: All types of finance and non finance current assets | | | | | |
| (b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: All types of finance and non finance current liabilities | | | | | |
| ii) Debt-Equity Ratio: | | | | | |
| Total Debts (a) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 18,300 | 20,934 | | |
| Shareholder's Equity | (₹ in Lakhs) | 13,583 | 12,997 | | Not Applicable |
| Debt - Equity Ratio | Times | 1.35 | 1.61 | (16.35)% | |
| (a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Non current borrowings (Excluding Inter corporate deposit) | | | | | |
| (b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Total Equity + Sub-ordinate debts (Inter corporate deposit) | | | | | |
| Not considering fund received from sub-ordinated unsecured loan part of promoter's contribution as equity:- | | | | | |
| Total Debts (a) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 28,220 | 30,740 | | |
| Shareholder's Equity (b) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 4,743 | 4,188 | | |
| Debt - Equity Ratio (a/b) | Times | 5.95 | 7.34 | (18.94)% | Not Applicable |
| (i) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Non current borrowings + Intercompany Deposits + Compulsory Convertible Debentures | | | | | |
| (ii) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Total Equity | | | | | |
| iii) Debt Service coverage Ratio: | | | | | |
| Earnings available for Debt services (a) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 5,086 | 4,624 | | |
| Interest + Installments (b) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 3,561 | 3,843 | | Not Applicable |
| Debt Service coverage Ratio (a/b) | Times | 1.43 | 1.20 | 18.69 % | |
| (a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Earning Before Interest, Depreciation and Amortisation | | | | | |
| (b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Interest on Long-Term external loans + Principal Scheduled Repayments of Long-Term external loans (Current maturities of non current borrowings) | | | | | |
| iv) Return on Equity Ratio: | | | | | |
| Net Profit after Taxes (a) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 555 | (28) | | |
| Equity Shareholder's Fund (b) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 13,290 | 12,758 | | Due to Increase in Profit |
| Return on Equity Ratio | % | 4.18 % | (0.22)% | 2016.80 % | |
| (a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Profit after tax | | | | | |
| (b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Average of (Total Equity + Sub Ordinate debts) | | | | | |
| v) Inventory Turnover Ratio : | | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | | |
| vi) Trade Receivables turnover Ratio : | | | | | |
| Sales (a) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 5,055 | 5,049 | | |
| Average Accounts Receivable (b) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 609 | 681 | | Not Applicable |
| Trade Receivables turnover Ratio (a/b) | Times | 8.31 | 7.41 | 12.07 % | |
| (a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Total Revenue from Contract with Customers | | | | | |
| (b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Average Trade receivables (including Unbilled revenue) | | | | | |
| vii) Trade Payables turnover Ratio : | | | | | |
| Annual Cost of Goods sold & Other expense (a) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 549 | 547 | | |
| Average Accounts Payable (b) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 100 | 100 | | Not Applicable |
| Trade Payables turnover Ratio (a/b) | Times | 5.51 | 5.46 | 0.96 % | |
| (a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Total Costs of Goods sold + Other expense | | | | | |
| (b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Average Trade payables | | | | | |
| viii) Net Capital turnover Ratio : | | | | | |
| Sales (a) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 5,055 | 5,049 | | |
| Working Capital (b) | (₹ in Lakhs) | (88) | 612 | | Due to increase in Current liabilities |
| Net Capital turnover Ratio (a/b) | Times | (57.48) | 8.25 | 796.46 % | |
| (a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Total Revenue from Contract with Customers | | | | | |
| (b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Current assets minus Current liabilities | | | | | |
| ix) Net Profit Ratio : | | | | | |
| Profit after Tax (a) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 555 | (28) | | |
| Sales (b) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 5,055 | 5,049 | | Due to Increase in Profit for the year. |
| Net Profit Ratio (a/b) | % | 10.98% | (0.55%) | 2094.24 % | |
| (a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Profit after Taxes | | | | | |
| (b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Total Revenue from Contract with Customers | | | | | |
| x) Return on Capital Employed : | | | | | |
| Earnings before Interest and Taxes (a) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 3,719 | 3,298 | | |
| Capital Employed (b) | (₹ in Lakhs) | 31,883 | 33,931 | | Not Applicable |
| Return on Capital Employed (a/b) | % | 11.66% | 9.72% | 20.01 % | |
| (a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Profit before tax + Interest expense | | | | | |
| (b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Tangible net worth + Long term debt + Deferred tax liability | | | | | |
| xi) Return on Investment : | | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | | |

38 Due to micro, small and medium enterprises

Under the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMED) which came in to force from 2nd October, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with management, outstanding dues to the Micro and Small enterprise as defined in the MSMED Act, 2006 are disclosed as below.

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs) | As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|---|---|
| Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the year end | 7 | 19 |
| Interest due thereon | - | - |
| Amount of interest paid by the Restricted Group in terms of section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year | - | - |
| Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED. | - | - |
| Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year | - | - |
| Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in succeeding years | - | - |

The disclosure in respect of the amount payable to enterprises which have provided goods and services to the Company and which qualify under the definition of micro and small enterprises, as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been made in the Financial statement as at 31st March, 2024 based on the information received and available with the entities of Company. On the basis of such information, no interest is payable to any micro, small and medium enterprises.

39 Contract balances:

(a) The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from the contracts with customers.

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2024 | (₹ in Lakhs) As at 31st March, 2023 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Trade receivables (refer note 10) | 49 | 154 |
| Unbilled Revenue (refer note 10) | 526 | 488 |

The unbilled revenue primarily relate to the Company's right to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date.

Reconciliation the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price:

| Particulars | For the year ended 31st March, 2024 | (₹ in Lakhs) For the year ended 31st March, 2023 |
|---|--|--|
| Revenue as per contracted price | 5,146 | 5,161 |
| Adjustments | | |
| Open access charges# | (5) | 25 |
| Discounts on prompt payments | 96 | 87 |
| Revenue from contract with customers | 5,055 | 5,049 |

The Company does not have any remaining performance obligation for sale of goods.

The Company has netted off Open Access Charges with Revenue from Power Supply in view of the revenue recognition criteria as per 'Ind AS 115: Revenue from Contract with Customers'. Corresponding netting off is also done in the comparative periods presented in the financial statements and the amounts are not

40 The Company's activities during the year revolve around renewable power generation and ancillary activities. Considering the nature of Company's business, as well as based on reviews by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resource allocation and performance measurement, there is only one reportable segment in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS - 108 - "Operating Segments", prescribed under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. As the Company's all revenue is from domestic sales, no separate geographical segment is disclosed.

41 Recent Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During year ended 31st March, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the company.

42 The Company uses an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software, except that audit trail feature is not enabled for certain direct changes to the data for users with the certain privileged access rights to the SAP application and the underlying HANA database. Further, no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with was noted in respect of the accounting software.

Presently, the log has been activated at the application and the privileged access to HANA database continues to be restricted to limited set of users who necessarily require this access for maintenance and administration of the database.

43 The Company does not have any transaction to report against the following disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amendment to Schedule III:

1. Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency
2. Benami Property held under Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)
3. Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies
4. Transaction with Struck off Companies
5. Undisclosed Income
6. Related to Borrowing of Funds:
 - Borrowing obtained on the basis of Security of Current Assets
 - Willful defaulter
 - Utilization of borrowed fund and share premium
 - Discrepancy in utilization of borrowings

44 No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

45 **Personnel and Other Administrative cost**

The Company does not have any employee. The operational, management and administrative functions of the company are being managed by ultimate holding Company.

46 During the previous financial year 2022-23, a short seller report ("SSR") was published in which certain allegations were made on certain Adani Group Companies, including on certain entities of the Group, which comprising Adani Green Energy Limited its subsidiaries and step down subsidiaries. In this regard, certain writ petitions were filed with the Hon'ble Supreme Court ("SC") seeking independent investigation of the allegations in the SSR and the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") also commenced investigating the allegations made in the SSR for any violations of applicable SEBI Regulations. The SC also constituted an expert committee to investigate and advise into the various aspect of existing laws and regulations, and also directed the SEBI to consider certain additional aspects in its scope. The Expert committee submitted its report dated 6th May 2023, finding no regulatory failure, in respect of applicable laws and regulations. The SEBI also concluded its investigations in twenty-two of the twenty-four matters as per the status report dated 25th August 2023 to the SC.

The SC by its order dated 3rd January 2024, disposed off all matters of appeal in various petitions including separate independent investigations relating to the allegations in the SSR (including other allegations) and stated that the SEBI should complete the pending two investigations, preferably within 3 months, and take its investigations (including the twenty-two investigations already completed) to their logical conclusion in accordance with law. The Company has not received any order, notice or other communication from the SEBI in the matter. Accordingly, as at reporting date there is no open matter relating to the Company, and any non-compliance of applicable regulations.

In April 23, Adani Green Energy Limited had obtained a legal opinion by independent law firm, confirming (a) none of the alleged related parties mentioned in the short-seller report were related parties to the Group, under applicable frameworks; and (b) the Group, is in compliance with the requirements of applicable laws and regulations. Subsequent to the SC order dated 3rd January 2024, to uphold the principles of good governance, the Adani Group has also initiated an independent legal and accounting review of the allegations in the SSR and other allegations (including any allegations related to the Company) to reassert compliance of applicable laws and regulations. Such independent review also did not identify any non-compliances or irregularities by the Company, and it has noted on record, the results of this review.

Based on the legal opinions obtained, subsequent independent review referred to above, the SC order and the fact that there are no pending regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings as of date, the Company's management concludes that there are no consequences of the allegations mentioned in the SSR and other allegations on the Company, and accordingly, these financial statements do not have any reporting adjustments in this regard

47 **Events occurring after the Balance sheet Date**

The Company evaluates events and transactions that occur subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to approval of the financial statements to determine the necessity for recognition and/or reporting of any of these events and transactions in the financial statements. As of 2nd May 2024, there are no subsequent events to be recognized or reported that are not already disclosed.

48 **Approval of financial statements**

The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on 2nd May, 2024.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

In terms of our report attached

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

Anjali
Gupta

Digitally signed by Anjali Gupta
DN: cn=Anjali Gupta, o=Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP, email=anjalig@dharmeshparikh.com, c=IN
2.5.4.20=04f7e0b92a0b9730794d9060611101
99033a0c073207320231140c0b24,
serialNumber=500011, cn=Signature,
serialNumber=50033504005808527195095204
@7ha0e040c08117707050170a00102,
cn=Anjali Gupta
Date: 2024.05.02 23:50:54 +05'30'

Anjali Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 191598

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)

APURVA
DINESH
DALAL

Digitally signed
by APURVA
DINESH DALAL
Date:
2024.05.02
23:33:43 +05'30'

Apurva Dalal

Whole-time Director

DIN: 08655229

TUSHAR R
SONAWA
LA

Digitally signed
by TUSHAR R
SONAWALA
Date: 2024.05.02
23:39:10 +05'30'

Tushar Sonawala

Chief Financial Officer

KETAN
DAVE

Digitally signed
by KETAN DAVE
Date:
2024.05.02
23:33:56 +05'30'

Ketan Dave

Director

DIN: 08658614

SNEHA
CHOUDHARY

Digitally signed
by SNEHA
CHOUDHARY
Date: 2024.05.02
23:34:40 +05'30'

Sneha Choudhary

Company Secretary

Place : Ahmedabad
Date : 2nd May, 2024

Place : Ahmedabad
Date : 2nd May, 2024